AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Town Council Members

Melissa Pickett Pete Gherini David Harwood Albert Yount

Charlie Sellers, Mayor Doug Matheson, Mayor Pro-Term Shane Fox, Town Manager Nicole Norman, Finance Director

TOWN OF BLOWING ROCK

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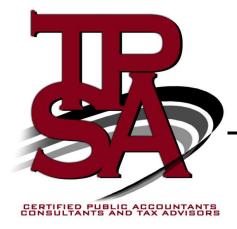
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Blowing Rock Blowing Rock, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Blowing Rock as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Blowing Rock's Board of Alcholic Beverage Control or Tourism Development Authority, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Blowing Rock's Board of Alocholic Beverage Control and Tourism Development Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Blowing Rock and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Town of Blowing Rock's Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control and Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the Town of Blowing Rock's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Governmental Auditing Standards, we:

- · exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Blowing Rock's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and the Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll, the Retiree Health Benefit Fund Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability and Contributions, and the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina's, basic financial statements. The budget and actual schedules and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budget and actual schedules and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the budget and actual schedules and supplemental ad valorem tax schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 4, 2023 on our consideration of the Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina's, internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Blowing Rock's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Blowing Rock's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC January 4, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

As management of the Town of Blowing Rock (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022, with comparisons to the prior year, where appropriate. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

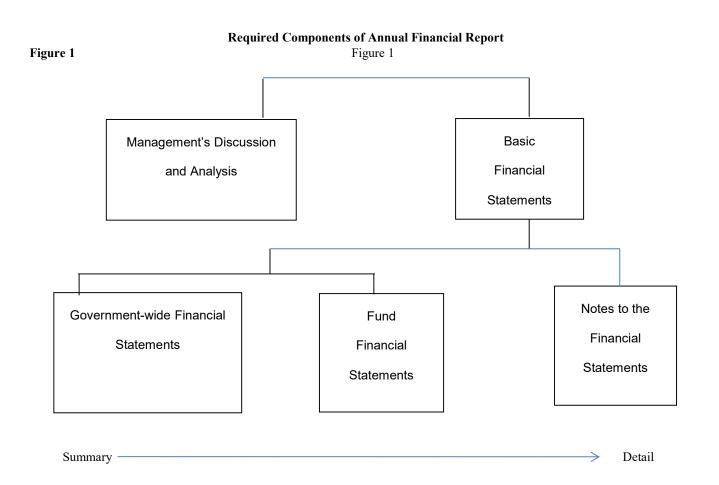
Financial Highlights

- The Town of Blowing Rock's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$32,133,967 (net position).
- The Town's government-wide net position increased by \$2,093,787, primarily due to governmental fund related activities.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Town of Blowing Rock's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,098,789, an increase of \$95,531 in comparison with the prior year (before factoring in prior period adjustments). Approximately 49.52% of this total amount, or \$4,010,565, is non-spendable or restricted. The combined fund balance increase of \$95,531 consists of an decrease in the General Capital Projects Fund of \$65,018, an increase in the General Fund balance of \$156,647 and an increase in the non-major governmental funds of \$3,902.
- As of June 30, 2022, expendable, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,044,257, or 33.56%, of total General Fund expenditures and transfers for the fiscal year. Though total fund balance increased, unassigned fund balance decreased due in total to an increase in total receivables outstanding at June 30th. Those receivables were by in large collected within weeks to months of the close of the financials. Factoring those collections in, unassigned fund balance would be estimated to total approximately \$5,254,774, or 43.11% of total general fund expenditures.
- The Town of Blowing Rock earned and maintained a AA+ long-term debt rating from Standard and Poor's on its first, second and third of four planned general obligation bond issuances in February 2016, May 2018 and January 2020. An obligation rated AA differs from the highest rated obligations only to a small degree. The obligator's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is very strong.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes the notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Blowing Rock.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's non-major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories:1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Blowing Rock. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the TDA is important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Authority by appointing its members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (See Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Blowing Rock, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Blowing Rock can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Blowing Rock adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Proprietary Funds – The Town of Blowing Rock has one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start after Exhibit 8.

Other Information – Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 67 of this report. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 60.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Blowing Rocks Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Assets and Deferred Outflows							
of Resources							
Current and other assets	\$ 9,205,530	\$ 9,134,604	\$ 2,457,748	\$ 2,857,648	\$ 11,663,278	\$ 11,992,252	
Capital Assets	28,808,303	26,185,870	15,076,754	14,444,862	43,885,057	40,630,732	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,089,121	2,186,628	562,887	395,591	3,652,008	2,582,219	
Total Assets and Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	41,102,954	37,507,102	18,097,389	17,698,101	59,200,343	55,205,203	
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows							
of Resources							
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	16,834,975	2,543,034	3,860,576	739,470	20,695,551	3,282,504	
Other Liabilities	2,679,102	16,014,519	777,286	3,987,151	3,456,388	20,001,670	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,451,116	1,996,434	463,322	377,278	2,914,438	2,373,712	
Total Liabilities and Deferred							
Inflows of Resources	21,965,193	20,553,987	5,101,183	5,103,899	27,066,376	25,657,886	
AT . D. M.							
Net Position:							
Net Investment in capital assets	19,599,680	17,383,049	12,193,077	11,320,994	31,792,757	28,704,043	
Restricted	3,008,166	1,979,259	-	-	3,008,166	1,979,259	
Unrestricted	(3,470,085)	(2,409,193)	803,129	1,273,208	(2,666,956)	(1,135,985)	
Total Net Position	\$ 19,137,761	\$ 16,953,115	\$ 12,996,206	\$ 12,594,202	\$ 32,133,967	\$ 29,547,317	

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$32,133,967 on June 30, 2022. The Town's net position increased by \$2,586,650 for the year ended June 30, 2022. However, the largest portion of the Town's net position (98.94%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$3,008,166, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$2,666,956) is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

The Town of Blowing Rock Changes in Net Position Figure 3

Property takes Pro		Governmental			Business-type				T-4-1		
Program revenues:			Vitio			vitie				tal	2021
Program revenues:	Revenues:	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions 687,442 \$984,236 \$2,235,051 \$1,727,099 \$2,922,493 \$2,711,335 Operating grants and contributions 432,279 334,874 - - 432,279 334,874 Capital grants and contributions 661,902 217,824 - - 661,902 217,824 General revenues: Property taxes 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 Other taxes 5,411,325 1,656,535 - - 5,411,325 1,656,535 Investment earnings 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - - - 8,364 2,904 Other 185,814 - - 2,42 45 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,900 Expenses: G											
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contributions 432,279 334,874 - 432,279 334,874 Capital grants and contributions 661,902 217,824 - - 432,279 217,824 General revenues: Property taxes 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,411,325 1,656,535 1,000 - 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 - - - 8,364 2,904 - - - 2,412 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	_										
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General revenues: Property taxes 5,366,060 4,645,669 - - 5,366,060 4,645,669 Other taxes 5,411,325 1,656,535 - - 5,411,325 1,656,535 Investment carnings 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - 688,873 2,768,384 Other 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - <td></td> <td>661,902</td> <td></td> <td>217,824</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>661,902</td> <td></td> <td>217,824</td>		661,902		217,824	_		_		661,902		217,824
Other taxes 5,411,325 1,656,535 - - 5,411,325 1,656,535 Investment earnings 8,364 2,904 - - 8,364 2,904 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - - 688,873 2,768,384 Other 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 1,469,552 1,380,666 - - -	General revenues:			Í							,
Investment earnings R,364 2,904 - - R,364 2,904 Carants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - - 688,873 2,768,384 Other 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Response 1,000,000	Property taxes	5,366,060		4,645,669	_		-		5,366,060		4,645,669
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - 688,873 2,768,384 Other 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - - 2,100,024	Other taxes	5,411,325		1,656,535	-		-		5,411,325		1,656,535
restricted to specific programs 688,873 2,768,384 - - 688,873 2,768,384 Other 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,4	Investment earnings	8,364		2,904	-		-		8,364		2,904
programs Other 688,873 185,814	Grants and contributions not										
Other Total revenues 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678<	restricted to specific										
Other Total revenues 185,814 - 2,242 465 188,056 465 Total revenues 13,442,059 10,610,426 2,237,293 1,727,564 15,679,352 12,337,990 Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678<	programs	688,873		2,768,384	-		-		688,873		2,768,384
Expenses: General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - <		185,814		-	2,242		465		188,056		465
General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - Cha	Total revenues	13,442,059		10,610,426	2,237,293		1,727,564		15,679,352		12,337,990
General Government 2,844,551 3,650,109 - - 2,844,551 3,650,109 Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - Cha	Expenses:										
Public Safety 4,700,135 2,788,363 - - 4,700,135 2,788,363 Transportation 1,469,552 1,380,066 - - 1,469,552 1,380,066 Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908		2,844,551		3,650,109	_		_		2,844,551		3,650,109
Environmental Protection 403,229 494,784 - - 403,229 494,784 Cultural and Recreational 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061					_		_				
Cultural and Recreational Interest on long-term debt 1,367,971 829,107 - - 1,367,971 829,107 Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Transportation	1,469,552		1,380,066	-		_		1,469,552		1,380,066
Interest on long-term debt 381,982 365,826 - - 381,982 365,826 Water and Sewer - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Environmental Protection	403,229		494,784	-		-		403,229		494,784
Water and Sewer Total expenses - - 2,100,024 2,011,423 2,100,024 2,011,423 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Cultural and Recreational	1,367,971		829,107	-		-		1,367,971		829,107
Total expenses 11,167,420 9,508,255 2,100,024 2,011,423 13,267,444 11,519,678 Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Interest on long-term debt	381,982		365,826	-		-		381,982		365,826
Change in net position before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Water and Sewer			-							
before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Total expenses	11,167,420		9,508,255	2,100,024		2,011,423		13,267,444		11,519,678
before transfers 2,274,639 1,102,171 137,269 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Transfers (180,852) - 180,852 - - - - Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Change in net position										
Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005		2,274,639		1,102,171	137,269		(283,859)		2,411,908		818,312
Change in net position 2,093,787 1,102,171 318,121 (283,859) 2,411,908 818,312 Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Transfers	(180 852)		_	180 852				_		_
Net position, beginning 16,953,115 15,850,944 12,594,202 12,878,061 29,547,317 28,729,005 Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Tansiers	(100,032)	<u>'</u>		100,032						
Net position, beginning, restated 17,043,974 15,850,944 12,678,085 12,878,061 29,722,059 28,729,005	Change in net position	2,093,787		1,102,171	318,121		(283,859)		2,411,908		818,312
• • • •	Net position, beginning	16,953,115		15,850,944	12,594,202		12,878,061		29,547,317		28,729,005
Net position, ending \$ 19,137,761 \$ 16,953,115 \$ 12,996,206 \$ 12,594,202 \$ 32,133,967 \$ 29,547,317	Net position, beginning, restated	17,043,974		15,850,944	12,678,085		12,878,061		29,722,059		28,729,005
	Net position, ending	\$ 19,137,761	\$	16,953,115	\$ 12,996,206	\$	12,594,202	\$	32,133,967	\$	29,547,317

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,184,646. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in property tax rate increased ad valorem sales tax revenue, and Town maintained an excellent collection rate.
- Town management closely monitored expenditures.
- Increased collections from local option sales tax for the majority of the year.
- Prior period adjustments resulted in a net increase in net position of \$90,859. These are detailed further in the notes to the financial statements, Note VII.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$402,004:

• New rates and structure went into effect during Fiscal Year 2021-2022, resulting in an increase in revenues from the Water & Sewer Fund over prior year, which was the primary driver for the increase in net position.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus on the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Blowing Rock's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$4,253,725, while total fund balance reached \$7,324,251.

At June 30, 2022, the governmental funds of the Town reported a combined fund balance of \$8,098,789, a 2.62% increase over last year. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in the General Fund of \$156,647, a decrease in the Capital Projects Fund of \$65,018, and an increase in nonmajor funds of \$3,902.

Capital Project Fund. Several budget amendments were required to comply with budgetary requirements to account for unexpected capital outlay requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$803,129. The change in net position was a decrease of \$470,079. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Blowing Rock's business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$43,885,057 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

Governmental infrastructure	\$ 1,724,316
Governmental equipment and furniture	273,018
Governmental vehicles	190,317
Governmental land	1,452,297
Business-type plant	861,780
Business-type equipment	157,350

Town of Blowing Rock's Outstanding Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental		Busine	ess-type			
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022 2021		2022	2021	
Land	\$ 4,539,056	\$ 3,086,759	\$ 100,504	\$ 100,504	\$ 4,639,560	\$ 3,187,263	
Construction in Progress	4,740,474	4,991,091	518,879	421,759	5,259,353	5,412,850	
Buildings	6,584,020	6,767,342	14,146,403	-	20,730,423	6,767,342	
Infrastructure	11,938,092	10,517,163	-	13,657,400	11,938,092	24,174,563	
Vehicles	401,286	370,340	-	-	401,286	370,340	
Computers	15,215	47,661	-	-	15,215	47,661	
Equipment	590,159	405,514	310,968	265,199	901,127	670,713	
Total	\$ 28,808,303	\$ 26,185,870	\$ 15,076,754	\$ 14,444,862	\$ 43,885,057	\$ 40,630,732	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. Long-term debt as of June 30, 2022 is summarized below:

Town of Blowing Rock's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental			Business-type					
	Activ	vities		Activities			Total		
	2022	2021		2022		2021	2022		2021
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,120,000	\$ 7,575,000	\$	1,855,000	\$	1,975,000	\$ 8,975,000	\$	9,550,000
Unamortized bond premium	358,892	379,067		38,712		40,944	397,604		420,011
Capital lease	-	196,911		-		10,472	-		207,383
Compensated absences	405,628	324,146		72,434		53,601	478,062		377,747
Total pension liability	425,333	381,931		-		-	425,333		381,931
Net OPEB liability	5,495,749	4,336,125		1,046,810		825,929	6,542,559		5,162,054
Total OPEB liability	76,532	55,279		14,578		10,529	91,110		65,808
Net pension liability	670,003	1,454,013		127,620		276,955	797,623		1,730,968
Installment purchase -									
direct placements	3,732,684	2,526,575		1,041,965		1,129,314	4,774,649		3,655,889
Total	\$ 18,284,821	\$ 17,229,047	\$	4,197,119	\$	4,322,744	\$ 22,481,940	\$	21,551,791

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

The Town's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$930,149 during the past fiscal year, due to new General obligation bond issuance and new debt issued for capital equipment and vehicles, offset by principal payments made throughout the year.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed valuation located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town is \$85,698,552.

Additional information regarding the Town of Blowing Rock's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Tourism continues to be a source of strength for the Town during the current year with travel and tourism continuing to exceed prior year levels.
- Housing and development construction activity continued to grow steadily throughout the year, with no slowing during this fiscal year.

Budget Highlights for the General Fund Budget Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities. Property tax revenues are expected to increase over prior year at .370 cents per hundred dollars due to property values increasing (with new developments coming on to the tax scrolls) as well as the Watauga County tax revaluation resulting in property tax value increase for the Watauga County portion of Blowing Rock. The Watauga revaluation resulted in an overall increase in property values of approximately 39%, resulting in a revenue neutral tax rate calculated at .320 cents, a decrease from the most recently adopted tax rate of .430 cents. State shared revenues during budget preparation were expected to have an overall increase due to the main source of sales tax projected to increase, however, some economic downturn is anticipated in the next year. Last year, continued increases were seen. As a result, the budget for this revenue was budgeted to increase a net of 28% after return of the sales tax fee paid back to Watauga County, with plans to monitor the source as the year continues and make necessary adjustments if needed.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase, approximately 30%, due mainly to an increase in operating costs and capital of a combined approximately 23% increase and increase in personnel cost of approximately 22% due to new positions needed for operations. Debt service costs also increased 11% over prior year with a higher level of capital equipment debt service costs coming online with the prior year's deferments of capital.

Business-Type Activities. The water and sewer usage in the Town are expected to continue to steadily decrease in comparison with the prior years due to the ongoing cultural emphasis placed on conservation, while expenditures to operate are expected to also increase due to the cost of equipment repairs and replacements needed at our plants as well as on the lines in the field. Rate increases as well as a rate structure change was put into place in FY 20-21 and are helping to generate the increased revenues needed to support the system. The increases followed an analysis of existing rates and usage as well as infrastructure needs with plans to continue in the coming years in order to lessen impacts of these trends.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Town of Blowing Rock, 1036 Main Street, Blowing Rock, NC 28605.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Pı	rimary Governme	ent	Compon		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Town of Blowing Rock Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control	Town of Blowing Rock Tourism Development Authority	
ASSETS				-		
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,187,935	\$ 1,697,090	\$ 6,885,025	\$ 605,781	\$ 1,784,600	
Taxes receivable, net	57,906	270 220	57,906	-	295,717	
Accounts receivable, net Due from Other Governments	977,575 875,851	370,338	1,347,913	-	-	
Inventories	2,699	115,736	875,851 118,435	390,397	_	
Prepaid items	59,893	7,106	66,999	4,382		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,043,671	267,478	2,311,149	147,105	-	
Cotal Current Assets	9,205,530	2,457,748	11,663,278	1,147,665	2,080,317	
oncurrent Assets						
Right to use asset, net	-	-	-	-	190,322	
Capital Assets:					,-	
Land, Nondepreciable Improvements,						
and Construction in Progress	9,279,531	619,383	9,898,914	-		
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	19,528,772	14,457,371	33,986,143	202,746	56,643	
otal Noncurrent Assets	28,808,303	15,076,754	43,885,057	202,746	246,965	
otal Assets	\$ 38,013,833	\$ 17,534,502	\$ 55,548,335	\$ 1,350,411	\$ 2,327,282	
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB deferrals	\$ 1,959,983	\$ 189,556	\$ 2,149,539	\$ 904	\$ 15,322	
Pension deferrals	1,129,138	373,331	1,502,469	32,607	50,051	
otal deferred outflows of resources	3,089,121	562,887	3,652,008	33,511	65,373	
IABILITIES						
urrent Liabilities:	202.010	164055	1 1 10 177	405.454	1 (2 22	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	983,918	164,257	1,148,175	407,454	163,322	
Accrued Interest	183,151	50,169	233,320	-		
Prepaid fees Current Portion of Long-term Debt	21,701 1,348,439	10,838 318,435	32,539 1,666,874	-	40,204	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	101,407	18,109	119,516	1,805	40,20	
Payable from restricted assets	40,486	215,478	255,964	1,005		
otal Current Liabilities	2,679,102	777,286	3,456,388	409,259	203,526	
ong-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability (LGERS)	670,003	127,620	797,623	15,949		
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	425,333		425,333	-		
Total OPEB liability	76,532	14,578	91,110	-		
Net OPEB liability	5,495,749	1,046,810	6,542,559	12,487		
Due in more than one year	10,167,358	2,671,568	12,838,926		268,813	
otal Long-Term Liabilities	16,834,975	3,860,576	20,695,551	28,436	268,813	
otal Liabilities	19,514,077	4,637,861	24,151,938	437,695	472,339	
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2.720		2.720			
Prepaid Taxes OPEB Deferrals	2,730 1,442,471	274,756	2,730 1,717,227	2,354	9,539	
Pension Deferrals	1,005,915	188,566	1,194,481	22,787	46,946	
otal deferred inflows of resources	2,451,116	463,322	2,914,438	25,141	56,485	
ET POSITION		,			,	
et investment in capital assets	19,599,680	12,193,077	31,792,757	202,746	56,643	
estricted for:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	147,105		
Working capital	232	-	232	90,398		
tabilization by state statute	3,007,934	-	3,007,934	-	295,717	
Inrestricted	(3,470,085)	803,129	(2,666,956)		1,511,471	
Total Net Position	\$ 19,137,761	\$ 12,996,206	\$ 32,133,967	\$ 921,086	\$ 1,863,831	

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Re	overnment	Coponent Units			
Functions/Programs Expen		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution		npital Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Blowing Rock Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control	Town of Blowing Rock Tourism Development Authority
Primary government:										
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Transportation	\$ 2,844,551 4,700,135 1,469,552 403,229	\$ 414,550 2,400 - 119,537	\$ 180,855 124,966 94,566	1	661,902	\$ (1,587,247) (4,572,771) (1,374,984)	\$ - - -	\$ (1,587,247) (4,572,771) (1,374,984)	\$ - - -	\$
Enviromental protection Cultural and recreational Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	1,367,971 381,982 11,167,420	119,337 150,955 - 687,442	432,279	-	661,902	(283,692) (1,185,121) (381,982) (9,385,797)	- - -	(283,692) (1,185,121) (381,982) (9,385,797)		
Business-type activities: Water and sewer Total business-type activities	2,100,024 2,100,024	2,235,051 2,235,051		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>		135,027 135,027	135,027 135,027		
Total primary government	\$ 13,267,444	\$ 2,922,493	\$ 432,27	\$	661,902	(9,385,797)	135,027	(9,250,770)		
Component unit: Town of Blowing Rock Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control Town of Blowing Rock Tourism Development Authority	3,078,432 1,268,324	3,099,754 1,787,927		-	-	-	-	-	21,322	519,603
Total component units	\$ 4,346,756	\$ 4,887,681	\$	- \$	-	-		_	21,322	519,603
	Other taxes and Grants and con	levied for general l licenses tributions, not rest vestment earnings	tricted to a speci	fic pur	pose	5,366,060 5,411,325 688,873 8,364 48,429	- - - 2,242	5,366,060 5,411,325 688,873 10,606 48,429	728	550
	Miscellaneous Transfers					137,385 (180,852)	180,852	137,385	134	2,585
		eral revenues				11,479,584	183,094	11,662,678	862	3,135
	Change in Net Po Net position, beg Restatement (See Net position, beg	inning Note VI in the No	tes to the Financ	ial Sta	tements)	2,093,787 16,953,115 90,859 17,043,974	318,121 12,594,202 83,883 12,678,085	2,411,908 29,547,317 174,742 29,722,059	22,184 898,902 	522,738 1,341,093 1,341,093
	, 505, 505									

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Resert Project Propari tiems \$5,045,343 \$100,000 \$42,592 \$5, \$62,544 \$62,544 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$63,545 \$62,544 \$63,545 \$		Majoi	Funds			
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,045,343 \$ 100,000 \$ 42,592 \$ 5, Taxes receivable, net 44,765 -	ACCEPTE	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major	Total Governmental Fund	
Taxes receivable, net 44,765 - - Accounts receivable, net 915,035 62,540 - Prepaid items 59,893 - - Due from other governments 875,851 - - Due from other funds 1,210,517 - - Inventory 2,699 - - Restricted cash and cash equivalents 218,353 1,795,192 30,126 2, Total Assets: \$8,372,456 \$1,957,732 \$72,718 \$10, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 968,649 \$15,169 \$100 \$ Amounts payable from restricted assets 10,360 - - - Unspent grant proceeds 2,1701 - - - Prepaid fees 21,701 - - - - Due to other funds 1,000,710 1,225,686 30,226 2, - Total Liabilities		\$ 5.045.242	\$ 100,000	\$ 42.502	\$ 5,187,935	
Accounts receivable, net			\$ 100,000	\$ 42,392	44,765	
Prepaid items	The state of the s		62 540	-	977,575	
Due from other governments 875,851		•	02,340	-	59,893	
Due from other funds		· ·	-	-	875,851	
Inventory Restricted cash and cash equivalents 218,353 1,795,192 30,126 2,	<u> </u>		-	-	1,210,517	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 218,353 1,795,192 30,126 2,			-	-		
Sample S	•	•	1 705 102	20.126	2,699	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES					2,043,671	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 968,649 \$ 15,169 \$ 100 \$ Amounts payable from restricted assets 10,360 - - - - - - - - - - - - <th< th=""><th>1 otal Assets:</th><th>\$ 8,372,436</th><th>\$ 1,957,732</th><th>\$ /2,/18</th><th>\$ 10,402,906</th></th<>	1 otal Assets:	\$ 8,372,436	\$ 1,957,732	\$ /2,/18	\$ 10,402,906	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND	FUND BALANC	ES			
Amounts payable from restricted assets Unspent grant proceeds Prepaid fees 21,701 Due to other funds - 1,210,517 Total Liabilities: 1,000,710 1,225,686 30,226 2, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes Property taxes receivable 44,765 Property taxes receivable 44,765 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources: Fund balances: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid items Sestricted: Stabilization by State statute Capital items Transportation Assigned: Beautification Beautification Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned: Unassigned: Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	Liabilities:					
Unspent grant proceeds Prepaid fees Due to other funds Deferred Liabilities: DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes Property taxes receivable Property taxes receivable Deferred Inflows of Resources: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid items Prepaid items Sestricted: Stabilization by State statute Stabilization by State statute Assigned: Beautification Deferred Inflows of Resources: Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned: At 1,475 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 1,475 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 1,475 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,730 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,699 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 3,007,934 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,730 Deferred Infl	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	968,649	\$ 15,169	\$ 100	\$ 983,918	
Prepaid fees 21,701 - - Due to other funds - 1,210,517 - 1, Total Liabilities: 1,000,710 1,225,686 30,226 2, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 2,730 - <t< td=""><td>Amounts payable from restricted assets</td><td>10,360</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>10,360</td></t<>	Amounts payable from restricted assets	10,360	-	-	10,360	
Due to other funds	Unspent grant proceeds	-	-	30,126	30,126	
Total Liabilities: 1,000,710 1,225,686 30,226 2,	Prepaid fees	21,701	-	-	21,701	
Total Liabilities: 1,000,710 1,225,686 30,226 2, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 2,730 - - - Property taxes receivable 44,765 - - - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources: 47,495 - - - - Fund balances: Nonspendable: - </td <td>•</td> <td>- -</td> <td>1,210,517</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,210,517</td>	•	- -	1,210,517	-	1,210,517	
Prepaid taxes 2,730 - - Property taxes receivable 44,765 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources: 47,495 - - Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - - Inventory 2,699 - - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - - Restricted: - - - 3,007,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - 3,07,934 - - - - - 3,07,934 -	Total Liabilities:	1,000,710	1,225,686	30,226	2,256,622	
Prepaid taxes 2,730 - - Property taxes receivable 44,765 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources: 47,495 - - Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - - Inventory 2,699 - - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - - Restricted: - - - 3,007,934 - - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 - <td>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property taxes receivable 44,765 - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources: 47,495 - - Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - - Inventory 2,699 - - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - - Restricted: - - - 3,007,934 - - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 -		2.730	_	_	2,730	
Fund balances: 47,495 - - Nonspendable: Inventory 2,699 - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - Restricted: Stabilization by State statute 3,007,934 - - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 -	•	•	_	_	44,765	
Nonspendable: Inventory 2,699 - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - Restricted: - - - Stabilization by State statute 3,007,934 - - - Capital items 207,761 732,046 - - Transportation 232 - - - Assigned: - - 42,492 - Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - - 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	* · ·		<u> </u>		47,495	
Nonspendable: Inventory 2,699 - - Prepaid items 59,893 - - Restricted: - - - Stabilization by State statute 3,007,934 - - - Capital items 207,761 732,046 - - Transportation 232 - - - Assigned: - - 42,492 - Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - - 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	Fund balances					
Inventory 2,699 - -						
Prepaid items 59,893 - - Restricted: 3,007,934 - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 - - Transportation 232 - - - Assigned: - - 42,492 - Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4,44,492 8,44,492 8,4,492	=	2 699	_	_	2,699	
Restricted: Stabilization by State statute 3,007,934 - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 - Transportation 232 - - Assigned: - - 42,492 Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4,4 Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	•	•	_	_	59,893	
Stabilization by State statute 3,007,934 - - 3, Capital items 207,761 732,046 - Transportation 232 - - Assigned: - - 42,492 Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4,44,492 Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,		37,073			37,073	
Capital items 207,761 732,046 - Transportation 232 - - Assigned: - - 42,492 Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4,44,425 Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,44,425		3 007 934	_	_	3,007,934	
Transportation 232 - - Assigned: - - 42,492 Beautification - - - - Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4,4492 8,4492 Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,4492			732 046	_	939,807	
Assigned: Beautification 42,492 Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 Unassigned: 4,044,257 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	•		732,010	_	232	
Beautification - - 42,492 Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - - 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	<u> •</u>	232			232	
Subsequent year's expenditures 1,475 - - Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - - 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	•			12 102	42,492	
Unassigned: 4,044,257 - - 4, Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,		1 475	-	42,492	1,475	
Total Fund Balances: 7,324,251 732,046 42,492 8,	1 1	·	-	=		
	•		722.046	42.402	4,044,257 8,098,789	
	Total Pullu Dalances;	1,324,231	/32,040	42,492	0,090,789	
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,					
and fund balances \$ 8,372,456 \$ 1,957,732 \$ 72,718 \$ 10,	and fund balances	\$ 8,372,456	\$ 1,957,732	\$ 72,718	\$ 10,402,906	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statements of Net Position are different because:

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position:

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$ 8,098,789
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Gross capital assets at historical costs	39,250,519	
Accumulated depreciation	(10,442,216)	28,808,303
Deferred outflows of resources:		
OPEB	1,959,983	
LGERS	995,169	
LEOSSA	133,969	3,089,121
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes)		
are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and		
therefore are deferred		
Accrued interest - taxes		13,141
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Ad valorem Taxes		44,765
Deferred inflows of resources:		
OPEB	(1,442,471)	
LGERS	(989,974)	
LEOSSA	(15,941)	(2,448,386)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Installment purchase obligations	(3,732,684)	
General Obligation Bonds	(7,120,000)	
Unamortizaed Bond Premiums	(358,892)	
Accrued interest payable	(183,151)	
Compensated absences	(405,628)	
Total OPEB Liability	(76,532)	
Net OPEB Liability	(5,495,749)	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	(670,003)	(10.467.072)
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	(425,333)	 (18,467,972)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 19,137,761

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major	Fund		
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,331,792	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,331,792
Other taxes and licenses	2,462,392	-	-	2,462,392
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,062,575	-	-	3,062,575
Restricted intergovernmental	209,669	554,401	180,852	944,922
Sales and services	136,446	-	-	136,446
Permits and fees	263,268	-	-	263,268
Investment earnings	3,607	4,757	=	8,364
Other	1,117,708		31,895	1,149,603
Total revenues	12,587,457	559,158	212,747	13,359,362
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,201,721	66,651	-	4,268,372
Public safety	3,114,474	1,440,392	-	4,554,866
Transportation	1,450,184	1,386,010	=	2,836,194
Environmental protection	364,177	-	=	364,177
Culture and recreation	1,320,526	21,444	15,993	1,357,963
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,071,734	-	=	1,071,734
Interest and Other Charges	331,323			331,323
Total expenditures	11,854,139	2,914,497	15,993	14,784,629
Revenues over (under) expenditures	733,318	(2,355,339)	196,754	(1,425,267)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from other funds	192,000	1,228,071	-	1,420,071
Transfers to other funds	(1,228,071)	(180,000)	(192,852)	(1,600,923)
Proceeds from debt issuance	408,500	1,242,250	-	1,650,750
Sales of capital assets	50,900	_	-	50,900
Total other financing sources and uses	(576,671)	2,290,321	(192,852)	1,520,798
Net change in fund balance	156,647	(65,018)	3,902	95,531
Fund balance, beginning	7,056,396	797,064	38,590	7,892,050
Prior Period Adjustment (See Note VI)	111,208	-	_	111,208
Total Fund balance, beginning restated	7,167,604	797,064	38,590	8,003,258
Fund balances-ending	\$ 7,324,251	\$ 732,046	\$ 42,492	\$ 8,098,789

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 95,531
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures which are capitalized Depreciation Expense Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	3,389,332 (719,261) (2,471)	2,667,600
	(2,4/1)	2,007,000
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		348,313
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for OPEB are not included on the Statement of Activities		193,075
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		17,603
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues Change in interest earned on ad valorem taxes	21,127 13,141	34,268
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment		
of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued Debt retirement Amortization of bond premium Increase (Decrease) in accrued interest payable	(1,650,750) 1,071,734 20,175 (70,834)	(629,675)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Pension expense - LGERS Pension expense - LEOSSA	(281,958) (39,749)	
OPEB Expense Compensated absences	(229,739) (81,482)	(632,928)
Total Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,093,787

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund			
				Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	With Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
D.				
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	¢ 5 100 440	¢ 5 204 640	¢ 5221.702	¢ 27.142
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 5,198,449 1,404,199	\$ 5,294,649 2,751,279	\$ 5,331,792 2,462,392	\$ 37,143
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	2,499,273	2,731,279	3,062,575	(288,887) 263,302
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	85,000	112,571	209,669	97,098
Permits and fees	103,975	143,975	136,446	(7,529)
Sales and services	191,339	236,939	263,268	26,329
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	3,607	1,607
Miscellaneous	585,026	789,945	1,117,708	327,763
Total revenues	10,069,261	12,130,631	12,587,457	456,826
20002201020			12,007,107	
Expenditures	2 00 6 411	1050 516	4 204 724	151 505
General government	2,996,411	4,353,516	4,201,721	151,795
Public safety	3,151,440	3,287,902	3,114,474	173,428
Transportation	1,392,350	1,487,939	1,450,184	37,755
Environmental protection	341,906	364,906	364,177	729
Culture and recreation	1,209,839	1,323,140	1,320,526	2,614
Debt Service:	1 122 044	1 071 724	1 071 724	
Principal	1,132,944	1,071,734	1,071,734	- 227 040
Interest and other charges	304,466	568,371	331,323	237,048
Total expenditures	10,529,356	12,457,508	11,854,139	603,369
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(460,095)	(326,877)	733,318	1,060,195
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from Other Funds:				
Capital Projects Fund	60,000	60,000	180,000	120,000
BRAAC	8,000	12,000	12,000	· -
Transfers to Other Funds:	,		ŕ	
Capital Projects Fund	-	(1,228,071)	(1,228,071)	-
Proceeds from debt issuance	382,095	421,050	408,500	(12,550)
Sales of capital assets	10,000	50,900	50,900	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Appropriated fund balance	-	1,010,998	-	(1,010,998)
Total other financing sources (uses)	460,095	326,877	(576,671)	(903,548)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	156,647	\$ 156,647
Fund balance, beginning			7,056,396	
Prior Period Adjustment - See Note	VI		111,208	
Total Fund balance, beginning restate			7,167,604	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 7,324,251	
, 9				

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,697,090
Accounts Receivable, net	370,338
Prepaid expenses	7,106
Inventories	115,736
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	267,478
Total current assets:	2,457,748
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land and constructon in progress	619,383
Other Capital Assets, net of Depreciation	14,457,371
Total noncurrent assets:	15,076,754
Total Assets	17,534,502
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension deferrals	189,556
OPEB deferrals	373,331
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	562,887
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	164,257
Current portion of long-term debt	318,435
Accrued interest payable	50,169
Prepaid fees	10,838
Compensated absences current portion	18,109
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	215,478
Total current liabilities	777,286
Noncurrent liabilities:	2 (71 5(9)
Due in more than one year	2,671,568
Net OPEB liability Total OPEB liability	1,046,810 14,578
Net Pension liability	127,620
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,860,576
	-
Total Liabilities	4,637,861
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	274.754
OPEB deferrals	274,756
Pension deferrals	188,566
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	463,322
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,193,077
Unrestricted	803,129
Total Net Position	\$ 12,996,206

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 2,189,508
Water and sewer taps	33,500
Other operating revenues	12,043
Total Operating Revenues	2,235,051
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administration	444,509
Water and Sewer plant operations	710,317
Water and Sewer field operations	308,364
Depreciation	529,520
Total Operating Expenses	1,992,710
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	242,341
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	2,242
Transfers from ARPA Fund	180,852
Interest expense and other charges	(107,314)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	75,780
Change in Net Position	318,121
Net Position:	
Beginning of year - July 1	12,594,202
Prior Period Adjustments (See Note VI)	83,883
Beginning of year - July 1, restated	12,678,085
End of year - June 30	\$ 12,996,206

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Wat	ter and Sewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,220,747
Cash Paid for Goods and Services		(732,423)
Cash Paid to Employees		(764,340)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		723,984
Cash flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of installment debt		66,500
Principal repaid on long term debt		(309,139)
Interest and other charges		(72,911)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,076,863)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,392,413)
Cash flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfers (to) from) other funds		180,852
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		2.242
Interest and dividends		2,242
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(485,335)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning of year - July 1		2,449,903
End of year - June 30	\$	1,964,568
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	242,341
Depreciation		529,520
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Liabilities:		(12.027)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivables, Net		(12,027)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		(6,450)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		(3,419)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources for Pensions and OPEB		(167,296)
Increase (Decrease) in Pension Liability		(149,335)
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		224,930
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(37,264)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(6,065)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		4,172
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		18,833
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources for OPEB and Pension Total Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Liabilities		86,044 (47,877)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	723,984
There easily provided (used) by operating activities	<u> </u>	123,904

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina, (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Mayor and a five-member Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component units, legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in a separate columns in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town.

Town of Blowing Rock ABC Board

The members of the ABC's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Blowing Rock ABC Board, 7960 Valley Boulevard, Blowing Rock, North Carolina 28605.

Town of Blowing Rock Tourism Development Authority (TDA)

The members of the TDA's governing board are appointed by the Town. The TDA Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). The TDA, which provides a financial benefit to the Town, was established to receive the proceeds of room occupancy tax levied pursuant to Session Law 1987-171 and 2003-281. Complete financial statements for the TDA Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Blowing Rock TDA, P.O. Box 47, Blowing Rock, North Carolina 28605.

B. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities, such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds

General Fund -The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, sanitation services, and street maintenance and construction.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction of various Town buildings, infrastructure, etc.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Blowing Rock Appearance Advisory Commission (BRAAC). This fund is used to account for the activities of the Appearance Advisory Commission.

American Rescue Plan. This is a special revenue fund to account for federal funds received from the American Rescue Plan. These funds were provided to all local government entities to address the following areas affected by COVID-19: Mitigation efforts and medical expenses related to COVID-19; address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency, replace lost public sector revenue, provide premium pay for essential workers; and invest in water, sewer and broadband infrastructure.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. Enterprise funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodical determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Water and Sewer Fund is the only enterprise fund of the Town.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements — The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements — Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year.

Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at yearend on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Blowing Rock because the tax is levied by Watauga County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Water and Sewer Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end.

Projects Fund, which are consolidated with the operating fund for reporting purposes. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town, the ABC Board and the TDA are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State statutes. The Town, the ABC Board and the TDA may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town, the ABC Board and the TDA may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town, the ABC Board and the TDA to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's, the ABC Board's, and the TDA's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board and the TDA consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Unexpended debt proceeds of the General Fund, Capital Project Fund and Water and Sewer Fund debt issued by the Town are classified as restricted assets for those funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which bonds were originally issued. Unspent grant proceeds are also restricted for their intended purpose.

Restricted cash at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities	
General Fund - unexpended debt proceeds	\$ 207,761
General Fund - Customer deposits	10,360
General Fund - Powell Bill	232
Capital project fund - unexpended debt proceeds	1,795,192
American Rescue Plan Fund - unspent grant proceeds	 30,126
Total Governmental Activities	2,043,671
Business-type Activities	
Water and Sewer Fund - customer deposits	215,478
Water and Sewer Fund - unexpended debt proceeds	 52,000
Total Business-Type Activities	267,478
Total restricted cash	\$ 2,311,149

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town's General Fund consist of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds and the ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use and merchandise held for resale. The costs of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased. The cost of merchandise held for resale if expensed when sold rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or significantly extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The Town capitalizes interest costs which are incurred during the construction period of capital assets.

In conjunction with implementing GASB 34, "The New Reporting Model", the Town began capitalizing public domain ("infrastructure") capital assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems as of July 1, 2003. Infrastructure assets exceeding the Town's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 will be reported as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General governmental infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, were not retroactively reported; therefore, the infrastructure capital assets in the Statement of Net Position only include assets purchased after July 1, 2003.

Years

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	1 Cuis
Buildings and Improvements	50 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer Equipment	3 years

Property, plant and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	<u>i ears</u>
Computer equipment	5 years
Building and improvements	20-25 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years

Capital assets of the TDA are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	<u>Y ears</u>
Computer equipment	50 years
Building and improvements	10 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town provide for accumulation of thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's sick leave policy provides of an unlimited accumulation of sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion, pension related deferrals and OPEB deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has four items that meets this criterion – property taxes receivable, prepaid taxes, OPEB deferrals and pension related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance cost, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Reimbursements for Pandemic-related Expenditures

In FY 2020/21, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The Town was allocated \$421,955 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$210,978 was received in July 2021. The second installment will be received in mid-2022. Town staff and the Board have elected to use transfer \$210,978 to the Water & Sewer fund in order to finance water and sewer equipment and infrastructure improvements. Please see the Summary of Transfers below for more detail. The City plans on using the rest of the funds for Water & Sewer projects in Fiscal Year 2023.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net invested in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through state statutes.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The governmental fund types classify fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Capital Items – portion of fund balance that has been restricted by revenue source for future capital expenditures.

Restricted fund balance on Exhibit 3 differs from restricted net position on Exhibit 1 by unspent debt proceeds less amounts payable from restricted assets of \$939,807.

Committed Fund Balance -This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing body (highest level of decision making authority, the Town Council). Any changes or removal of specific purpose restrictions requires majority action by the governing body. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance. Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town has budgeted for specific purposes. The Town Council has the authority to assign fund balance.

Assigned for Beautification – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for future expenditures of the Appearance Advisory Commission.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Budget Officer to reallocate appropriations within departments and to also execute interfund and interdepartmental transfers in emergency situations. Notification of all such transfers shall be made to the Town Council at the next meeting.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The Town of Blowing Rock has fund balance goal for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 50% of expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 50% of expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General fund	\$ 7,324,251
Less:	
Non-spendable - inventory	2,699
Non-spendable - prepaid expenses	59,893
Restricted, all other	207,993
Stabilization by state statute	3,007,934
Available fund balance	\$ 4,045,732

Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided are accounted for as revenues or expenses in the government- wide financial statements since they would be treated as such if they involved organizations external to the Town. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates made are: allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due, and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town, the ABC Board, and TDA are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or TDA's agents in the units' name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, the ABC Board and TDA, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and TDA's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, and TDA or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town, the ABC Board and TDA under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town, the ABC Board, and TDA has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town, the ABC Board and TDA complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2022, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$822,973 and a bank balance of \$896,482. Of the bank balance, \$605,987 was covered by FDIC, and the remainder was covered by collateral under the Pooling Method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$596,880 and the bank balance was \$662,576. \$250,000 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the Authority was \$1,759,600, and the bank balance was \$1,772,186. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2022, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$500.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation Measurement	Book Value at			
Investment Type	Method	6/30/2022	Maturity	Rating	
Nccmt- Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	\$ 8,373,202	N/A	AAAm	

At June 30, 2022, the TDA had \$25,000 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio. The ABC Board had \$156,006 invested with the NC Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio. The NCCMT Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm with Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf with Moody's Investor Service. The Town, the ABC Board and the Authority have no policy regarding credit risk.

All investments are measured using the market approach; using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. The Town does not have a formal investment policy. However, the Town's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than two years.

Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2022.

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

	A	llowance
Governmental Activities:		_
Taxes receivable	\$	43,000
Accounts receivable		9,328
Total governmental activities	\$	52,328
Business-type Activities:		
Accounts Receivable	\$	120,890
Total business-type activities	\$	120,890
Due from other governments that is owed to the Town consist of:		
Governmental Activities:		
Local option sales tax	\$	793,568
Sales tax refund receivable		82,283
Total governmental activities	\$	875,851

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Capital Assets

Governmental Capital Assets

The capital assets of the government fund of the Town at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Restated			
	Beginning			Ending
	Balances			Balances
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,086,759	\$ 1,452,297	\$ -	\$ 4,539,056
Construction in Progress	4,991,091	2,914,497	(3,165,114)	4,740,474
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,077,850	4,366,794	(3,165,114)	9,279,531
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & Improvements	9,196,103	-	=	9,196,103
Equipment	3,486,758	273,018	(108,400)	3,651,376
Vehicles	2,687,288	190,317	(175,202)	2,702,403
Computers	486,342	-	-	486,342
Infrastructure	12,210,448	1,724,316	-	13,934,764
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,066,939	2,187,651	(283,602)	29,970,988
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	2,428,761	183,322	-	2,612,083
Equipment	3,081,244	86,046	(106,073)	3,061,217
Vehicles	2,316,948	159,227	(175,058)	2,301,117
Computers	438,681	32,446	-	471,127
Infrastructure	1,738,452	258,220	-	1,996,672
Total accumulated depreciation	10,004,086	719,261	(281,131)	10,442,216
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,062,853	\$ 1,468,390	\$ (2,471)	19,528,772
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,140,703	<u>.</u>		\$28,808,303

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	Depreciation	
General government	\$	90,948
Public Safety		207,086
Transportation		309,543
Environmental protection		36,486
Cultural recreation		75,198
Total depreciation expense:	\$	719,261

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Water and Sewer Capital Assets	Beginning Balances June 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balances June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ 100.704	rh.	d)	ф. 100 <i>5</i> 04
Land	\$ 100,504	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,504
Construction in Progress	421,759	1,101,472	(1,004,352)	518,879
Total capital assets not being depreciated	522,263	1,101,472	(1,004,352)	619,383
Capital assets being depreciated: Plant Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	23,173,892 1,751,532 24,925,424	861,780 157,350 1,019,130	(48,510) (48,510)	
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant	9,471,325	417,944	-	9,889,269
Equipment	1,486,333	111,576	(48,505)	1,549,404
Total accumulated depreciation	10,957,658	529,520	(48,505)	11,438,673
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	13,967,766	\$ 489,610	\$ (5)	14,457,371
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets, net	\$ 14,490,029	:		\$15,076,754

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. At year-end, the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Remaining	
Project	Spent to Date	Commitment	Total Contract
Middle Fork Greenway	\$ 30,788,687	\$ 2,641,961	\$33,430,648
Laurel Ln. Drainage & Sidewalk Repairs	7,980	84,320	92,300
PRV Replacements	38,280	261,720	300,000
Main St. Water/Sewer Line Replacements	33,561	4,766,439	4,800,000
Water/Sewer Plant Upgrades*	42,264	-	42,264

^{*} Water/Sewer Plant Upgrades is currently in engineering phase, and total commitment to project has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the TDA for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

At June 30, 2022, the Authority's capital assets consisted of furniture and equipment totaling \$123,427, being depreciated over ten years, and had accumulated depreciation of \$66,784. Depreciation expense for the current year was \$10,773.

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Ве	ginning					Ending
	В	alances				I	Balances
ABC Board	June	30, 2021	Add	itions	Retirements	Jun	ne 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:							_
Land	\$	96,275	\$	-	\$	- \$	96,275
Total capital assets not being depreciated		96,275		-		•	96,275
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		287,563		-		-	287,563
Furniture and equipment		60,702		-		-	60,702
Computer and furniture		55,668		-		-	55,668
Total capital assets being depreciated		403,933		-		-	403,933
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		177,964		5,289		-	183,253
Furniture and equipment		60,125		353		-	60,478
Computer and furniture		53,731		-		-	53,731
Total accumulated depreciation		291,820		5,642		-	297,462
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		112,113	\$	(5,642)	\$		106,471
ABC Board Capital assets, net	\$	208,388				\$	202,746

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, is composed of the following elements:

		Business-
	Governmental	Type
	Activities	Activities
Capital Assets	\$ 28,808,303	\$15,076,754
Long-term debt	(11,211,576)	(2,935,677)
Unexpended Debt proceeds	2,002,953	52,000
Net investment in capital assets:	\$ 19,599,680	\$12,193,077

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

B. Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are composed of the following amounts at June 30, 2022:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Total
Governmental Activities	\$ 853,161	\$ 130,757	\$ 983,918
Business- Type Activities: Water and Sewer	\$ 136,965	\$ 27,292	\$ 164,257

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina

Plan Description. The Town of Blowing Rock is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service of within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, of have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Blowing Rock employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Blowing Rock' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 12.10% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 11.35% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Blowing Rock were \$414,658 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$797,623 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.05201%, which was an increase of .0036% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$335,664. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 253,753	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	501,111	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	-	1,139,564
Changes in proportion and differences between Town		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,203	38,976
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	414,658	<u> </u>
Total:	\$ 1,184,725	\$ 1,178,540

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

\$414,658 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 63,510
2024	(40,132)
2025	(83,137)
2026	(348,714)
Thereafter	-
	\$ (408,473)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, which includes a 3.25% inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation, with the exception of the discount rate, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The Town of Blowing Rock administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	13
Total	16

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 2.25 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumption used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projections: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths After Retirement (Health): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$35,207 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$425,333. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on a December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$39,749.

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 56,409	\$ 4,674
Changes of assumptions	59,957	11,267
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense made		
subsequent to the measurement date	17,603	-
Total	\$ 133,969	\$ 15,941

\$17,603 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 26,722
2024	23,901
2025	25,076
2026	17,539
2027	7,187
Thereafter	_

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current

	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Dis			1% Decrease Discount Rate			ate 1% Incre		
	(1.25%)		(2.25%)		(3.25%)					
Total pension liability:	\$	456,904	\$	425,333	\$	396,352					

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning Balance	\$ 381,931
Service Cost	25,745
Interest on the total pension liability	7,032
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	55,647
Changes in assumptions of other inputs	(9,815)
Benefit payments	(35,207)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 425,333

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

]	LGERS	L	EOSSA	<u>Total</u>
Pension Expense	\$	335,664	\$	39,749	\$ 375,413
Pension Liability		797,623		91,110	888,733
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.05201%		n/a	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience		253,753		56,409	310,162
Changes of assumptions		501,111		59,957	561,068
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		15,203		-	15,203
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement		414,658		17,603	432,261
Deferred of Inflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		4,674	4,674
Changes of assumptions		-		11,267	11,267
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate		1,139,564		-	1,139,564
share of contributions		38,976		-	38,976

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute an amount equal to five percent of each general employee and five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts are vested immediately. Also, employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 for general employees and law enforcement officers, respectively, were \$192,459 and \$45,661, which consisted of \$141,207 from the Town and \$51,242 from general employees and \$31,260 from the Town and \$14,401 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Medical Insurance Benefits

Plan Description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. The RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources, who serve as ex-officio members. The RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided from the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from the RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the state will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also, by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state-supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the Town contributed 6.68% through January 2022, and then 5.90% from February 2022 through June 2022, which amounted to \$225,996.

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$6,542,559 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Town's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.00255%. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$284,869.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,626		\$	121,787		
Changes of assumptions		535,125			1,589,984		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-			3,347		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town		1,515,318			-		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions							
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		225,996			_		
Total:	\$	2,315,065		\$	1,715,118		

\$225,996 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 247,017
2024	(97,165)
2025	(223,762)
2026	(68,248)
2027	(231,793)
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ (373,951)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for RHBF was 2.16%. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 2.16% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases Law Enforcement Officers: 8.10% grading down to 3.50%; General

Employees: 3.50% to 7.55%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates - Medical 6.00% grading down by 5.00% by 2026 for non-MA coverage; 5.00% for MA

Coverage

Healthcare cost trend rates - Prescription drug

Healthcare cost trend rates - Medicare advantage

6

Healthcare cost trend rates - Administrative

Post-Retirement Mortality Rates

9.50% grading down by 5% by 2030 6.5% grading down by 5% by 2024

3.00%

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general employee, or law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect

future mortality improvements.

Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net RHBF OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16)%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 7,782,279	\$ 6,542,559	\$ 5,538,525

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net RHBF OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rates (6.5%		1% Increase
	in Trend	Medical, 7.25% Rx, 3.00%		in Trend
	Rates	Admin Expenses)		Rates
Net OPEB liability	\$ 5,298,369	\$	6,542,559	\$ 8,193,091

RHBF OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The post-employment healthcare benefits are provided through a single employer defined benefit plan. The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. The Comprehensive Dental Plan is administered by Companion Life Insurance Company, which establish premium rates approved by the Department of Insurance of South Carolina.

According to a Town resolution, the Town provides post-employment dental benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years of creditable service with the Town and retire with full benefits under the System. The Town pays full cost of premiums. The Town's retirees may also purchase coverage for their dependents through this plan. Total membership includes 13 inactive employees or beneficiaries current receiving benefits and 69 active members for a total membership of 82. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$65,808 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	
General employees	3.25 - 8.41 percent, including inflation
Firefighters	3.25 - 8.15 percent, including inflation
Law Enforcement Officers	3.25 - 7.35 percent, including inflation
Discount rate	2.16 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-medicare - 7.00% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by
	Medicare - 5.125% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2036

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Total OPEB Liability

Beginning balance	\$ 65,808
Changes for the year:	
Service cost at end of year	2,982
Interest	1,436
Differences between expected and actual experience	25,941
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	390
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	2,180
Net Benefit Payments	(7,627)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 91,110

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Decrease		Increase
	(1.16%)	Rate (2.16%)	(3.16%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 98,871	\$ 91,110	\$ 84,202

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Decrease		Increase
	(1.00%)	Current	(1.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 83,406	\$ 91,110	\$ 100,300

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022., the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$28,205. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,263	\$ 446
Changes of assumptions	9,131	1,663
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,855_	<u>-</u> _
Total:	\$ 18,249	\$ 2,109

\$3,855 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	June 30 Amo	
2023	\$	1,394
2024		1,394
2025		1,394
2026		1,761
2027		2,013
Thereafter		4,329
Total	\$	12,285

Total OPEB Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense for all OPEB plans:

	<u>Other</u>				
			Ins	<u>surance</u>	
	RH	BF OPEB	Pla	n OPEB	Total
OPEB Expense	\$	225,996	\$	28,205	\$ 254,201
Net OPEB Liability		6,542,559		-	6,542,559
Total OPEB liability		-		91,110	91,110
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		0.00255%		n/a	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,626	\$	5,263	\$ 43,889
Changes of assumptions		535,125		9,131	544,256
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	=
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		1,515,318		-	1,515,318
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement		225,996		3,855	229,851
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,315,065	\$	18,249	\$ 2,333,314

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Deferred of Inflows of Resources:	Other Insurance RHBF OPEB Plan OPEB Total
Deferred of filliows of Resources.	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 121,787 \$ 446 \$ 122,233
Changes of assumptions	1,589,984 1,663 1,591,647
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	3,347 - 3,347
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,715,118 \$ 2,109 \$ 1,717,227

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source		Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	414,658
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA		17,603
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for OPEB		229,851
Differences between expected and actual experience		354,051
Changes of assumptions		1,105,324
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions		1,530,521
Total:	\$	3,652,008

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is compromised of the following:

Statement of		General
	Net Position	Fund
Taxes receivable	\$ -	\$ 44,765
Prepaid taxes	2,730	2,730
Changes in assumptions	1,602,914	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	126,907	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan		
investments	1,142,911	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contribution	38,976	
Total:	\$ 2,914,438	\$ 47,495

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Other Employment Benefits

Death Benefit Plan

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within one hundred eighty (180) days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in a self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities for workers compensation. The pool is reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability, police professional liability and public officials liability in excess of \$1,000,000; property in excess of \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation for the current policy period.

The pool is audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request. Owner purchases employee health insurance coverage from the North Carolina State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees. The health insurance plan is fully insured by the carrier.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more of the Town's funds at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond with a \$25,000 coverage limit per incident. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$100,000 each.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the Town was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town's attorneys, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchases

The long-term obligations of the Town are as follows:

4.22% notes for \$4,700,000, issued in October 2006; payable in annual installments of \$235,000, including interest; beginning in October 2006 with final payment due 2026	\$	940,000
2.89% note for \$438,270, issued November, 2018; payable in annual installments of \$117,771, including interest; beginning November, 2019 with final payment due 2022		114,446
2.445% note for \$536,194, issued March 2012; payable in annual installments of \$27,519 beginning March 2012 with final payment due 2033		294,907
0% note for \$756,480, issued May 2010; payable in annual installments of \$37,824 beginning May 2010 with final payment due 2031		340,416
4.08% note for \$1,000,000; issued August 2009; payable in annual installments of \$76,923 beginning August 2009 with final payment due 2025		230,769
2.83% note for \$1,700,580, issued May 2015; payable in annual installments of \$113,372 beginning May 2015 with final payment 2030		906,976
1.82% note, payable in annual installments of \$78,536, including interest, beginning November 2020 through 2023; secured by various vehicles and equipment		162,386
1.99% note for \$442,250, issued in January 2021; payable in annual installments of \$48,178, including interest, beginning November 2022 through 2031; secured by the real property		442,250
1.60% note for \$102,665, issued November 2020; payable in annual installments of \$26,701 beginning November 2021 with final payment 2024		76,999
1.60% note for \$405,000, issued September 2017; payable in annual installments of \$106,311 beginning September 2018 with final payment September 2021		-
1.19% note for \$475,000, issued August 2021; payable in annual installments of \$122,455 beginning November 2022 with final payment November 2025		465,500
0% note for \$800,000, issued December 2021; payable in annual installments of \$200,000 beginning December 2022 with final payment in December 2025		800,000
Total notes payable, secured - governmental and business-type activities	\$ 4	4,774,649

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$940,000 is secured by a security interest in the fixtures that are part of the property. Upon the occurrence of any event of default, the bank may exercise any one or more of the following remedies as the bank in its sole discretion shall elect:

- (a) Declare the entire principal amount of the installment payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the Borrower;
- (b) Proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the borrower of the applicable covenants of this contract or to recover for the breach thereof;
- (c) Exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of North Carolina and the general laws of the State of North Carolina with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted or reserved hereunder, including, without limitation, to the extent permitted by law,
- (d) Terminate this contract as to all or any part of the equipment and use, operate, lease or hold all or any part of the equipment as the bank in its sole discretion may decide; or
- (e) Take possession of any proceeds of the equipment, including net proceeds.

All remedies of the bank are cumulative and may be exercised concurrently or separately. The exercise of any one remedy shall not be deemed an election of such remedy or preclude the exercise of any other remedy. The borrower agrees to pay to the bank all court costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred by bank in enforcing the bank's rights and remedies under the financing

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$114,446 is secured by a security interest in the equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its

The Town's outstanding note from direct borrowing of \$294,907 is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, any other monies due to the Town from the state may be withheld by the state and applied to the payment of this obligation.

The Town's outstanding note from direct borrowing of \$340,416 is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, any other monies due to the Town from the state may be withheld by the state and applied to the payment of this obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$230,769 is secured by a security interest in the real property and the improvements. Upon the occurrence of any event of default, the bank may exercise any one or more of the following remedies as the bank in its sole discretion shall elect:

- (a) Declare the entire principal amount of the installment payments and all accrued interest and other charges immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the borrower;
- (b) Proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the borrower of the applicable covenants of this contract or to recover for the breach thereof;
- (c) Exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of North Carolina and the general laws of the State of North Carolina with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted or reserved hereunder, including, without limitation, to the extent permitted by law, take possession of any collateral without any court order or other process of law and without liability for entering the premises and sell, lease, sublease or make other disposition of the same in a commercially reasonable manner for the account of the borrower, and apply the proceeds of any such sale, lease, sublease or other disposition, after deducting all costs and expenses, including court costs and attorney's fees, incurred with the recovery, repair, storage and other sale, lease or other disposition costs, toward the balance due under this contact and, thereafter, shall pay any remaining proceeds to the borrower;
- (d) Terminate this contract as to all or any part of the equipment and use, operate, lease or hold all or any part of the equipment as the bank in its sole discretion may decide; or
- (e) Enforce its security interest or institute foreclosure proceedings under the Deed of Trust on all or any portion of real property; or
- (f) Terminate the Escrow Fund in accordance with the escrow agreement.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$906,976 is secured by a security interest in the property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the lender will exercise any one or more of the following remedies: (a) Declare the unpaid principal components of the installment payments immediately due and payable; (b) Proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this agreement or to recover for the breach thereof; (c) As provided in the Project Fund Agreement, require the bank to pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding required payments in any manner the bank may reasonably deem appropriate; and (d) Avail itself of all available remedies under this agreement, including execution as provided and attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$162,386 is secured by a security interest in the equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$442,250 is secured by a security interest in the property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$76,999 is secured by a security interest in the equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$465,500 is secured by a security interest in the vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its rights and remedies.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements of \$800,000 is secured by a security interest in the property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, all commitments and obligations of lender under this agreement or the related documents or any other agreement immediately will terminate (including any obligation to make further loan advances or disbursements), and, at lender's option, all indebtedness immediately will become due and payable, all without notice of any kind to borrower, except that in the case of an event of default of the type described in the "insolvency" subsection above, such acceleration shall be automatic and not optional. In addition, lender shall have all the rights and remedies provided in the related documents or available at law, in equity, or otherwise. Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, all of lender's rights and remedies shall be cumulative and may be exercised singularly or concurrently. Election by lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy, and an election to make expenditures or to take action to perform an obligation of borrower or of any grantor shall not affect lender's right to declare a default and to exercise its rights and remedies.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Maturities of long-term debt from direct borrowing and direct placements, including interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Bu		Business-Ty	pe Activities
Year Ending				_
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 872,275 \$	78,836	\$ 197,192	\$ 17,062
2024	816,549	66,088	134,976	13,033
2025	766,853	47,708	109,719	10,913
2026	666,269	28,595	109,919	9,256
2027	128,021	14,210	92,977	7,596
2028-2032	482,717	25,892	370,375	17,322
2033-2037	-	-	26,807	656
Total	\$ 3,732,684 \$	261,329	\$ 1,041,965	\$ 75,838

General Obligation Bonds

Total

2.0% bonds issued for \$3,500,000, Public Improvement, Series 2016 due on September 1 and March 1 in installments of \$180,000 plus interest through March 1, 2036	2,420,000
2.0% bonds issued for \$1,135,000, Public Improvement, Series 2016 due on September 1 and March 1 in installments of \$55,000 plus interest through March 1, 2036	805,000
2.9366% bonds issued for \$1,757,500, Public Improvement, Series 2018 due on September 1 and March 1 in installments of \$90,000 plus interest through March 1, 2038	1,380,000
2.9366% bonds issued for \$542,500, Public Improvement, Series 2018 due on September 1 and March 1 in installments of \$30,000 plus interest through March 1, 2038	440,000
2.954% bonds issued for \$3,690,000, Public Improvement, Series 2020 due on November 1 in installments of \$185,000 plus interest through November 1, 2039	3,320,000
2.954% bonds issued for \$680,000, Public Improvement, Series 2020 due on November 1 in installments of \$35,000 plus interest through November 1, 2039	610,000

	Gener	al Fund	Water and	Sewer Fund
Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 455,989	\$ 207,296	\$ 119,011	\$ 52,009
2024	455,989	189,897	119,011	47,708
2025	455,989	174,317	119,011	43,988
2026	450,989	158,738	124,011	40,267
2027	447,198	143,258	122,802	36,447
2028-2032	2,228,407	491,289	611,593	126,501
2033-2037	1,997,033	199,901	522,967	48,379
2038-2042	628,407	20,764	116,593	3,864
Total	\$ 7,120,001	\$ 1,585,460	\$ 1,854,999	\$ 399,163

\$ 8,975,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the Town of Blowing Rock had a legal debt margin of \$85,698,552.

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Restated							Current
	Beginning						Ending	I	Portion of
Governmental Activities:	Balance		Additions		R	etirements	Balance	Balance	
Installment purchase - Direct placements	\$	2,698,668	\$	1,650,750	\$	616,734	\$ 3,732,684	\$	872,275
General obligation bonds		7,575,000		-		455,000	7,120,000		455,989
Unamortized bond premiums		379,067		-		20,175	358,892		20,175
Net pension liability (LGERS)		1,454,013		-		784,010	670,003		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		381,931		43,402		-	425,333		-
Net OPEB liability		4,336,125		1,159,624		-	5,495,749		-
Total OPEB liability		55,279		21,253		-	76,532		-
Compensated absences		324,146		281,870		200,388	405,628		101,407
Governmental activities long-term liabilities:	\$	17,204,229	\$	3,156,899	\$	2,076,307	\$ 18,284,821	\$	1,449,846
Business-type Activities:									
Water and Sewer Fund									
General obligation bonds	\$	1,975,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$ 1,855,000	\$	119,011
Unamortized bond premiums		40,944		-		2,232	38,712		2,232
Installment purchase - Direct placements and									
direct borrowings		1,164,604		66,500		189,139	1,041,965		197,192
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)		276,955		-		149,335	127,620		-
Net OPEB liability		825,929		220,881		-	1,046,810		-
Total OPEB liability		10,529		4,049		-	14,578		-
Compensated absences		53,601		47,281		28,448	72,434		18,109
Water and Sewer Fund long-term liabilities:	\$	4,347,562	\$	338,711	\$	489,154	\$ 4,197,119	\$	336,544

Other post-employment liabilities, pension liabilities and compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that the employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Contingencies

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any amounts to be refunded to be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Interfund Transactions

Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

From	To	Amount
BRAAC	General Fund; for watering and beautification	\$ 12,000
General Fund	Capital Project Fund, for projects in progress	1,228,071
Capital Project Fund	General Fund; for GO Bond Service Payment	180,000
American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Water & Sewer Fund, for Sewer line projects	180,852
Water & Sewer Capital Projects Fund	Water & Sewer Fund; for GO Bond and Interconnect Debt	75,584
	Service	
Water & Sewer Fund	Water & Sewer Capital Projects Fund; for PRV Reserve	159,618
Total:		\$ 1,836,125

Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Due from the Capital Project Fund for its activity allocation to the General Fund:

Capital Project Fund \$ 1,210,517

III. Joint Ventures

The Town, in conjunction with seven counties and eighteen municipalities, established the Region D Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership dues of \$684 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the Town, COVID-19 is expected to impact various parts of its fiscal year 2022-23 operations and financial results. Management believes the Town is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

VI. Prior Period Adjustment(s)

Adjustments were recorded that increased fund balance for the General Fund by \$111,208 and increased fund balance in the Water & Sewer Fund by \$83,883. On the General Fund, the adjustments were to record a correction to opening accounts payable (increase of \$63,746), to adjust sales tax and franchise tax received to consider the receivable from September 2021 (increase of \$224,033), to adjust accounts receivable from prior years to agree with reports (decrease of \$144,058), to record prior year unbilled receivables (increase of \$4,676), and to fix mispostings to current year debt proceeds (decrease of \$37,189). On the Water & Sewer Fund, the adjustments were to record prior year unbilled receivables which had not been recognized (increase of \$63,534), to move a debt payment which had been applied to Governmental liabilities to Water & Sewer Fund debt service (decrease of \$24,818), and to move a Sewer line which had been capitalized in the Governmental Fixed assets to Water & Sewer fixed assets, along with it's associated accumulated depreciation (increase of \$45,167). On the government-wide statement, adjustments were made in addition to General Fund adjustments to recognize the movement of the Sewer line to the Water & Sewer fund (decrease of \$45,167) and to record the movement of the debt service payment applied to the governmental long-term liabilities to the Water & Sewer Fund (increase of \$24,818), for a net government-wide prior period adjustment increasing net position by \$90,859.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. Presentation conforms to requirements of the Local Government Commission in North Carolina.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Local Government Employee's Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers'
Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Benefit Fund

Schedule of Contributions to the Retiree Health Benefit Fund

Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Required Supplementary Information
Last Nine Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Blowing Rock proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.05201%	0.04840%	0.04820%	0.04970%	0.04270%
Blowing Rock proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 797,623	\$ 1,730,968	\$ 1,316,304	\$ 1,178,342	\$ 652,338
Blowing Rock covered payroll	\$ 3,075,426	\$ 2,878,094	\$ 2,818,331	\$ 2,923,978	\$ 2,428,119
Blowing Rock proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	25.94%	60.14%	46.71%	40.30%	26.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Blowing Rock proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.0402%	0.0401%	-0.03970%	0.03730%	
Blowing Rock proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 852,754	\$ 183,961	\$ (233,953)	\$ 449,608	
Blowing Rock covered payroll	\$ 2,235,534	\$ 2,056,654	\$ 1,851,018	\$ 1,930,820	
Blowing Rock proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	38.15%	8.94%	-12.64%	23.29%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Blowing Rock Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 414,658	\$ 317,074	\$ 261,419	\$ 222,898	\$ 223,232
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	414,658	317,074	261,419	222,898	223,232
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Blowing Rock's covered payroll	\$ 3,590,007	\$ 3,075,426	\$ 2,878,094	\$ 2,818,331	\$ 2,923,978
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.55%	10.31%	9.08%	7.91%	7.63%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 179,484	\$ 151,742	\$ 149,590	\$ 131,628	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	179,484	151,742	149,590	131,628	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Blowing Rock's covered payroll	\$ 2,428,119	\$ 2,235,534	\$ 2,056,654	\$ 1,851,018	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.29%	6.79%	7.27%	7.11%	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
Last Six Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020
Beginning Balance	\$	381,931	\$	314,622	\$	300,950
Service Cost		25,745		10,878		10,572
Interest on the total pension liability		7,032		9,683		10,341
Changes of benefit terms		_		-		_
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the total						
pension liability		55,647		(531)		18,511
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(9,815)		82,486		7,967
Benefit payments		(35,207)		(35,207)		(33,719)
Other changes				-		-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	425,333	\$	381,931	\$	314,622
		2019		2018		2017
Beginning Balance	\$	317,503	\$	280,786	\$	277,310
Service Cost	•	13,048	,	12,443	•	11,175
Interest on the total pension liability		9,791		10,614		9,693
Changes of benefit terms		· <u>-</u>		-		- -
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the total						
pension liability		(14,281)		8,872		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(9,763)		16,392		(5,788)
Benefit payments Other changes		(15,348)		(11,604)		(11,604)
Ending balance of the total pension liability						****
Hading balance of the total pension liability	2	300,950	C C	317,503	r r	280,786

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Schedule of Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Six Fiscal Years

	 2022	 2021	2020		
Total pension liability Covered payroll	\$ 425,333 613,027	\$ 381,931 452,661	\$	314,622 432,332	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	69.38%	84.37%		72.77%	
	 2019	2018		2017	
Total pension liability Covered payroll	\$ 300,950 450,078	\$ 317,503 462,909	\$	280,786 414,828	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	66.87%	68.59%		67.69%	

Note to the schedules:

The Town of Blowing Rock has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Post Employment Benefits Last Five Fiscal Years

	 2022	 2021	 2020
Service Cost	\$ 2,982	\$ 2,181	\$ 1,666
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	1,436	2,042	1,912
Changes of Benefit Terms	25,941	-	-
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	390	709	6,344
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,180	7,379	1,986
Benefit payments	(7,627)	(5,307)	(4,473)
Net change in total OPEB liability	25,302	7,004	7,435
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	65,808	58,804	51,369
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 91,110	\$ 65,808	\$ 58,804
Covered payroll	\$ 3,131,562	\$ 2,585,218	\$ 2,585,218
Total OPEB liability as a percentage			
of covered payroll	2.91%	2.55%	2.27%
	 2019	2018	
Service Cost			
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,752	\$ 1,861	
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	=	
Differences between expected and actual	1,843	1,653	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(613)	(371)	
Benefit payments	(1,438)	(2,525)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,795)	 (3,725)	
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	(2,251)	(3,107)	
Total OPEB Liability - ending	 53,620	 56,727	
	\$ 51,369	\$ 53,620	
Covered payroll			
	\$ 2,260,517	\$ 2,260,517	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage			
of covered payroll	2.27%	2.37%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2018	3.59%
2019	3.89%
2020	3.50%
2021	2.21%
2022	2.16%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Town of Blowng Rock's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Benefit Fund
Required Supplementary Information
Last Six Fiscal Years*

Retiree Health Benefit Fund

	 2022	 2021	 2020
Blowing Rock proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (%)	0.00255%	0.01861%	0.01807%
Blowing Rock proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 6,542,559	\$ 5,162,054	\$ 5,716,124
Blowing Rock covered payroll	\$ 3,075,426	\$ 2,878,094	\$ 2,818,331
Blowing Rock proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	212.74%	179.36%	202.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability**	7.72%	6.92%	4.40%
	 2019	 2018	 2017
Blowing Rock proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (%)	0.01669%	0.01543%	0.01353%
Blowing Rock proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 4,754,310	\$ 5,058,674	\$ 5,884,069
Blowing Rock covered payroll	\$ 2,923,978	\$ 2,428,119	\$ 2,235,534
Blowing Rock proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	174.19%	208.34%	263.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability**	4.40%	3.52%	2.41%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Schedule of the Town of Blowing Rock's Contributions to the Retiree Health Benefit Fund
Required Supplementary Information
Last Six Fiscal Years*

Retiree Health Benefit Fund

	2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 225,996	\$ 205,438	\$ 186,208
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	225,996	205,438	186,208
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
Blowing Rock's covered payroll	\$ 3,590,007	\$ 3,075,426	\$ 2,878,094
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.30%	6.68%	6.47%
	2019	 2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 176,709	\$ 165,126	\$ 139,509
Contributions in relation to the contractually	176,709	165,126	139,509
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Blowing Rock's covered payroll	\$ 2,818,331	\$ 2,923,978	\$ 2,428,119
Contributions as a percentage of covered	6.27%	6.05%	5.75%

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

Capital Project Fund - Various Projects

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
venues						
Ad valorem Taxes	Ф	5.205.640	Ф	5 214 047	Ф	20.200
Taxes	\$	5,285,649	\$	5,314,947	\$	29,298
Penalties and Interest		9,000		16,845		7,845
Total Ad Valorem Taxes:		5,294,649		5,331,792		37,143
Other Taxes and Licenses						
Occupancy tax		2,751,279		2,462,392		(288,887)
Total Other Taxes and Licenses:		2,751,279		2,462,392		(288,887)
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues						
Local Option Sales Tax		2,308,880		2,564,284		255,404
Utility Franchise Tax		293,893		321,171		27,278
Telecommunications tax		19,500		17,098		(2,402)
Video programming		37,000		39,896		2,896
Beer and Wine Tax		6,000		5,441		(559)
ABC profit distribution		134,000		114,685		(19,315)
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental:		2,799,273		3,062,575		263,302
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues	'	_				
Powell Bill Allocation		70,000		83,266		13,266
Snow Removal		9,000		11,302		2,302
Solid Waste Disposal Tax		1,000		1,042		42
ABC revenue for law enforcement		5,000		6,558		1,558
Federal and State Grants		27,571		107,501		79,930
Total Restricted Intergovernmental:		112,571		209,669		97,098
Permits and Fees						
Building Permits		136,475		135,846		(629)
Other Fees		7,500		600		(6,900)
Total Permits and Fees:		143,975		136,446		(7,529)
	-	113,575		150,110		(1,325)
Sales and Services						• • • • •
Recreation department		125,815		156,345		30,530
Recycling		93,364		86,153		(7,211)
Parking fines		1,000		2,400		1,400
Rental income		16,760		18,370		1,610
Total Sales and Services:		236,939		263,268		26,329
Investment Earnings		2,000		3,607		1,607
Miscellaneous						
Cemetery revenues		40,000		42,808		2,808
Solid waste fees		30,000		36,916		6,916
Zoning fees		17,800		20,071		2,271
Fire department contribution		326,470		393,960		67,490
		375,675		623,953		248,278
Other				023,933		240,270
Other Total Miscellaneous:		789,945		1,117,708		327,763

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total general government		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government: 2,471,867 2,330,888 140,979 Total general government 2,471,867 2,330,888 140,979 Governing Body Salaries and Employee Benefits 46,347 44,145 2,202 Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,000 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Em	xpenditures			
Other Operating Expenditures 2,471,867 2,330,888 140,979 Governing Body Salaries and Employee Benefits 46,347 44,145 2,202 Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128	Current:			
Total general government 2,471,867 2,330,888 140,979				
Salaries and Employee Benefits 46,347 44,145 2,202 Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance				140,979
Salaries and Employee Benefits 46,347 44,145 2,202 Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,11,405 1,105,087 56,318	Total general government	2,471,867	2,330,888	140,979
Salaries and Employee Benefits 46,347 44,145 2,202 Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Salaries	Governing Body			
Operating Expenditures 8,750 7,506 1,244 Total governing body 55,097 51,651 3,446 Finance Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits		46,347	44,145	2,202
Total governing body		8,750	7,506	1,244
Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573		55,097	51,651	3,446
Salaries and Employee Benefits 479,036 479,190 (154 Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections <	Finance			
Operating Expenditures 1,297,116 1,296,811 305 Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,176 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits		479.036	479.190	(154)
Total finance 1,776,152 1,776,001 151 Public Buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: 8 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 202,532 148,404 54,128		-	•	, ,
Public Buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employce Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	· • ·			151
Operating Expenditures 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,11	D. LP. D. 112			
Total public buildings 50,400 43,181 7,219 Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: 8 Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 <td>9</td> <td>50.400</td> <td>42 191</td> <td>7 210</td>	9	50.400	42 191	7 210
Total general government: 4,353,516 4,201,721 151,795 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highway	· • ·			
Public Safety: Public Safety: Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Police: Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,229,624 1,197,760 31,864 Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Total general government:	4,353,516	4,201,721	151,795
Operating Expenditures 257,335 254,165 3,170 Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways				
Capital Outlay 202,532 148,404 54,128 Total police: 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Salaries and Employee Benefits	1,229,624	1,197,760	31,864
Fire 1,689,491 1,600,329 89,162 Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways 56,931 1,600,329 1,600,329 1,600,329 1,725		257,335	254,165	3,170
Fire Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Capital Outlay	202,532	148,404	54,128
Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Transportation: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Total police:	1,689,491	1,600,329	89,162
Salaries and Employee Benefits 1,161,405 1,105,087 56,318 Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Transportation: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Fire			
Operating Expenditures 55,750 54,495 1,255 Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Transportation: Streets and Highways		1,161,405	1,105,087	56,318
Total fire: 1,217,155 1,159,582 57,573 Inspections Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Transportation: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways				1,255
Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways				57,573
Salaries and Employee Benefits 346,956 335,175 11,781 Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	Inspections			
Operating Expenditures 31,300 18,566 12,734 Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways		346 956	335 175	11 781
Capital Outlay 3,000 822 2,178 Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	1 7	-		
Total inspections: 381,256 354,563 26,693 Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways				2,178
Total public safety: 3,287,902 3,114,474 173,428 Transportation: Streets and Highways	•			26,693
Streets and Highways	Total public safety:		3,114,474	173,428
Streets and Highways	Transportation:			
	<u>-</u>			
Salaries and Employee Benefits 613,812 614,523 (711	Salaries and Employee Benefits	613,812	614,523	(711)
				60,921
		-		(22,455)
	1 *			37,755

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Enviromental Protection:			(8)
Solid Waste			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	207,906	201,404	6,502
Operating Expenditures	157,000	162,773	(5,773)
Total environmental protection	364,906	364,177	729
Cultural and Recreation:			
Parks and Recreation			
Salaries and Employee Benefits	728,130	725,422	2,708
Other Operating Expenditures	575,010	574,713	297
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,391	(391)
Total cultural and recreational:	1,323,140	1,320,526	2,614
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	1,071,734	1,071,734	-
Interest and other charges	568,371	331,323	237,048
Total Debt Service:	1,640,105	1,403,057	237,048
Total Expenditures:	12,457,508	11,854,139	603,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	(326,877)	733,318	1,060,195
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer from other funds:			
Capital Projects Fund	60,000	180,000	(120,000)
BRAAC	12,000	12,000	-
Transfer to other funds:	,	ŕ	
Capital Projects Fund	(1,228,071)	(1,228,071)	-
Proceeds from debt issuance	421,050	408,500	12,550
Sales of capital assets	50,900	50,900	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(684,121)	(576,671)	(107,450)
Fund Balance Appropriated	1,010,998	<u>-</u>	1,010,998
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	156,647	\$ 156,647
Fund balance, beginning		7,056,396	
Prior Period Adjustment - See Note VI		111,208	
Total beginning fund balance, restated	- -	7,167,604	
Fund balance, ending	<u>-</u>	\$ 7,324,251	

Capital Project Fund - Various Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Ac	tual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Closed	Total to	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	Projects	Date	(Negative)
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental:						
Contributions and grants	\$ 5,748,730	\$ 1,333,032	\$ 554,401	\$ (881,396)	\$ 1,006,037	\$ (4,742,693)
Other revenues:						
Miscellaneous	96,225	22,119	-	-	22,119	(74,106)
Investment income	56,993	139,226	4,757	_	143,983	86,990
Total Revenues	5,901,948	1,494,377	559,158	(881,396)	1,172,139	(4,729,809)
Expenditures						
Recreation projects						
Capital Outlay:						
Culture and recreation	2,154,594	937,281	21,444	-	958,725	1,195,869
Total	2,154,594	937,281	21,444		958,725	1,195,869
Streets and sidewalks projects Capital Outlay:						
Transportation	8,758,908	3,589,094	1,386,010	(1,590,224)	3,384,880	5,374,028
Total	8,758,908	3,589,094	1,386,010	(1,590,224)	3,384,880	5,374,028
Public Works Capital Outlay:						
Public buildings and facilities	484,353	158,359	1,440,392	(1,442,250)	156,501	327,852
Total	484,353	158,359	1,440,392	(1,442,250)	156,501	327,852
Public safety projects Capital Outlay:						
Public safety	38,950	36,724	_	_	36,724	2,226
Total	38,950	36,724			36,724	2,226
General government: Capital outlay:						
General government	3,306,868	269,633	66,651	(132,640)	203,644	3,103,224
Total	3,306,868	269,633	66,651	(132,640)	203,644	3,103,224
Total Expenditures	14,743,673	4,991,091	2,914,497	(3,165,114)	4,740,474	10,003,199

Capital Project Fund - Various Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Act	ual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Closed	Total to	Positive
	Authorization	Years	Year	Projects	Date	(Negative)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(8,841,725)	(3,496,714)	(2,355,339)	2,283,718	(3,568,335)	5,273,390
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in:						
General Fund	3,275,727	1,740,186	1,228,071	(415,912)	2,552,345	(723,382)
BRAAC	11,000	8,000	-	-	8,000	(3,000)
Operating transfers out:						
General Fund	(1,129,433)	(441,785)	(180,000)	-	(621,785)	507,648
Proceeds from long-term debt	6,434,818	2,635,674	1,242,250	(1,773,586)	2,104,338	(4,330,480)
Discount on debt issued	-	(55,587)	-	-	(55,587)	(55,587)
Bond premiums on debt issued	249,613	407,290	-	(94,220)	313,070	63,457
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	8,841,725	4,293,778	2,290,321	(2,283,718)	4,300,381	(4,541,344)
Appropriated Fund Balance						-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 797,064	(65,018)		\$ 732,046	\$ 732,046
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			797,064			
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 732,046			
		:				

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS

Non-Major Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	A	pearance dvisory mmission	ican Rescue lan Act Fund	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,592	\$ _	\$ 42,592
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		-	30,126	30,126
Total assets		42,592	30,126	72,718
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and				
Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		100	-	100
Unspent Grant Proceeds			 30,126	30,126
Total liabilities	-	100	 30,126	 30,226
Fund Balance:				
Assigned:				
Beautification		42,492	=	42,492
Unassigned			 	-
Total fund balance		42,492	 	 42,492
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and				
fund balances	\$	42,592	\$ 30,126	\$ 72,718

Non-Major Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

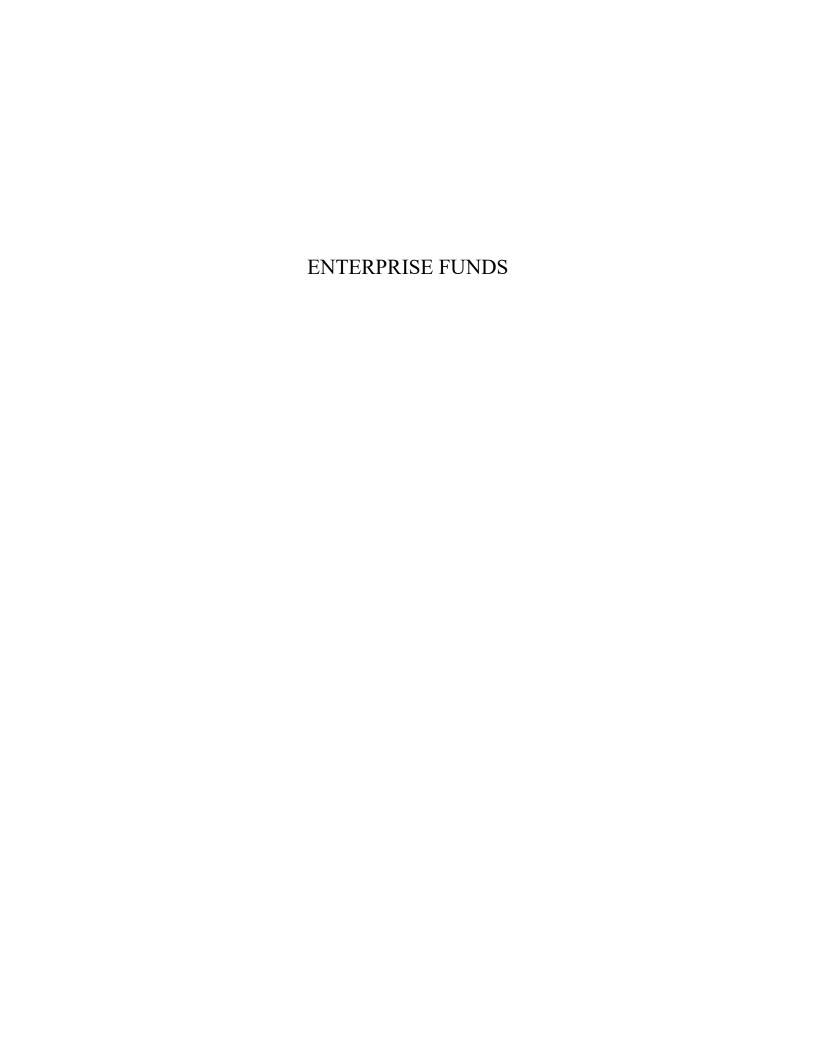
	A	pearance dvisory mmission	erican Rescue Plan Act Fund	Total
Revenues:			_	
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 180,852	\$ 180,852
Other		31,895		31,895
Total Revenues		31,895	 180,852	 212,747
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay		-	-	-
Cultural and Recreation		15,993	-	15,993
Total Expenditures		15,993	-	15,993
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures		15,902	 180,852	 196,754
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to General Fund		(12,000)	-	(12,000)
Transfers to Water Fund		· -	(180,852)	(180,852)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,000)	(180,852)	(192,852)
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,902	-	3,902
Fund Balance, beginning of year		38,590	 	 38,590
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	42,492	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 42,492

American Rescue Plan Act Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Act	tual		Variance
	Project	Prior		Current	Closed	Total to	Positive
	Authorization	Years		Year	Projects	Date	(Negative)
Revenues							
Restricted intergovernmental:							
Contributions and grants	\$ 300,000	\$	-	\$ 180,852	\$ (142,572)	\$ 38,280	\$ (261,720)
Total Revenues	300,000		-	180,852	(142,572)	38,280	(261,720)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	300,000		-	180,852	(142,572)	38,280	(261,720)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers to Water & Sewer Fund	(300,000)		-	(180,852)	142,572	(38,280)	261,720
Total Expenditures	(300,000)			(180,852)	142,572	(38,280)	261,720
				_			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	_	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			_				
Fund Balance - End of Year				•			
rund Daiance - End of Year			=	<u> </u>			

Special Revenue Fund- Appearance Advisory Commission
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final Budget	Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•	.	•4.00	(4.62.5)
Donations	\$	36,520	\$ 31,895	\$ (4,625)
Miscellaneous		50	 21.005	 (50)
Total Revenues		36,570	31,895	(4,675)
Expenditures				
Cultural and recreation:				
Beautification		26,000	12,324	13,676
Miscellaneous		5,570	3,669	1,901
Total Expenditures	-	31,570	15,993	15,577
•				
Excess Revenue Over				
(Under) Expenditures		5,000	 15,902	 10,902
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to General Fund		(12,000)	(12,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance		7,000	-	(7,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,000)	(12,000)	(7,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		3,902	\$ 3,902
Fund balance, beginning			 38,590	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 42,492	



Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Operating Revenues				
Water Sales:				
Residential	\$	1,135,734	\$ 1,076,774	\$ (58,960)
Interconnect charges		13,000	12,330	(670)
Impact fees		77,500	 116,750	 39,250
Total		1,226,234	 1,205,854	 (20,380)
Sewer Charges:				
Residential		929,384	878,100	(51,284)
Sewer CIP surcharge	·	32,500	105,554	 73,054
Total		961,884	 983,654	 21,770
Water and Sewer taps		5,000	33,500	28,500
Other operating revenues		12,800	 12,043	 (757)
Total		17,800	 45,543	 27,743
Total Operating Revenues		2,205,918	 2,235,051	 29,133
Nonoperating Revenues				
Interest earnings		500	 441	 (59)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		500	 441	 (59)
Total Revenues		2,206,418	 2,235,492	 29,074
Expenditures				
Water and Sewer Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits		141,383	131,010	10,373
Other operating expenses		365,428	 313,499	 51,929
Total		506,811	 444,509	 62,302
Water and Sewer Plant Operations:				
Salaries and employee benefits		443,616	460,478	(16,862)
Utilities		153,000	150,284	2,716
Other operating expenditures		116,800	 86,378	30,422
Total		713,416	697,140	16,276
Water and Sewer Field Operations:				
Salaries and employee benefits		251,457	172,853	78,604
Other operating expenditures		192,300	135,511	56,789
Capital outlay		73,500	 195,630	 (122,130)
Total		517,257	 503,994	13,263

Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt Service:			
Interest and other charges	111,501	107,314	4,187
Principal retirement	309,139	309,139	
Total	420,640	416,453	4,187
Total Expenditures	2,158,124	2,062,096	96,028
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	48,294	173,396	125,102
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in from Water Sewer Capital Project	37,824	75,584	37,760
Transfers in from ARPA Fund	-	180,852	180,852
Transfers out to Reserves	(159,618)	(159,618)	-
Proceeds from issuance of Installment Debt	73,500	66,500	(7,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(48,294)	163,318	211,612
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	336,714	\$ 336,714
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Reconciling items:			
Principal retirement		309,139	
Depreciation		(529,520)	
Capital Outlay		195,630	
Proceeds from issuance of Installment Debt		(66,500)	
(Increase) decrease in accured vacation pay		(18,833)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of re	esources - pensions		
and OPEB		167,295	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		149,335	
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability		(224,930)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of res	ources - pensions		
and OPEB		(86,044)	
Interest income from Water and Sewer Capita	•	1,801	
Transfers in/out from Water and Sewer Capit	al Projects Fund	84,034	
Total Reconciling Items		(18,593)	
Change in Net Position		\$ 318,121	

Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance				
	Project	Prior	Current	Closed	Total to	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Projects	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$ 92,810	\$ 152,284	\$ 1,801	\$ (46,780)	\$ 107,305	\$ 14,495	
Contributions and grant proceeds	32,640	47,569	-	-	47,569	14,929	
Miscellaneous income	33,750	533			533	(33,217)	
Total Revenues	159,200	200,386	1,801	(46,780)	155,407	(3,793)	
Expenditures							
Construction	3,520,890	381,331	839,866	(856,850)	364,347	3,156,543	
Engineering and permitting	65,770	39,649	76,603	-	116,252	(50,482)	
Total	3,586,660	420,980	916,469	(856,850)	480,599	3,106,061	
Debt service:							
Interest expense	_	1,860	_	_	1,860	(1,860)	
Bond issuance costs on debt issued	12,430	20,495	_	_	20,495	(8,065)	
Total	12,430	22,355			22,355	(9,925)	
Contingency	93,833		4,930	(4,930)		93,833	
Total Expenditures	3,692,923	443,335	921,399	(861,780)	502,954	3,189,969	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,533,723)	(242,949)	(919,598)	815,000	(347,547)	3,186,176	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer from Water & Sewer Fund	1,284,313	1,528,856	159,618	(438,951)	1,249,523	(34,790)	
Transfer from General Fund	326,430	362,358	-	_	362,358	35,928	
Transfer to Water & Sewer Fund	(316,015)	(417,194)	(75,584)	_	(492,778)	(176,763)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,241,065	601,709	· -	(376,049)	225,660	(2,015,405)	
Bond premiums on debt issued	12,430	45,005	-	-	45,005	32,575	
Unexpected loan proceeds returned	(38,700)	(425,500)	-	_	(425,500)	(386,800)	
Appropriated fund balance	24,200					(24,200)	
Total Other Financing Source	3,533,723	1,695,234	84,034	(815,000)	964,268	(2,569,455)	
Denomina and Other E'	0						
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Under) Expenditures and Other Finan		\$ 1,452,285	\$ (835,564)	\$ -	\$ 616,721	\$ 616,721	

OTHER SCHEDULES

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Analysis of Current Tax Levy - Town-Wide

Analysis of Current Year Levy - Town-Wide Levy

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2022

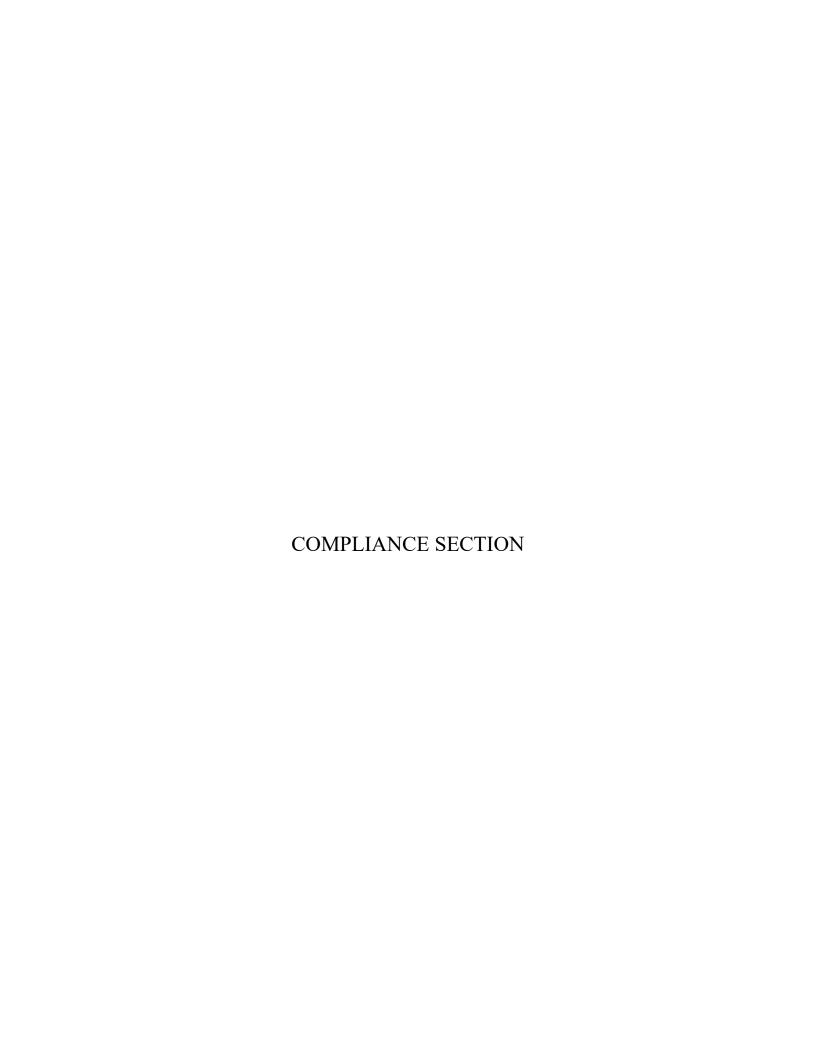
Fiscal Year	I	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2021 Additions		Collections nd Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2022		
2021-22	\$	-	\$	5,264,925	\$ 5,230,958	\$	33,967
2020-21		49,759		-	22,885		26,874
2019-20		20,493		-	12,638		7,855
2018-19		8,550		-	4,597		3,953
2017-18		6,281		-	3,959		2,322
2016-17		7,296		-	3,584		3,712
2015-16		1,817		-	854		963
2014-15		2,286		-	645		1,641
2013-14		3,853		-	2		3,851
2012-13		2,627		-	-		2,627
2011-12		6,505		-	 6,505		-
	\$	109,467	\$	5,264,925	\$ 5,286,627		87,765
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Ad V General Fund	Valorem '	Γaxes Receiva	ble:				43,000
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable, net						\$	44,765
Reconciliation with Revenues: Taxes, ad valorem, General Fund						\$	5,331,792
Reconciling Items:						·	, ,
Miscellaneous							(34,825)
Amouns written off per Statute of	f Limitati	ons					6,505
Penalties and interest							(16,845)
Total Collections and Credits						\$	5,286,627

Analysis of Current Year Levy - Town-Wide Levy June 30, 2022

						Total Levy				
	Town-Wide				F	Property Excluding Registered	Registered			
	Property	D -4-		Total	Motor		Motor Vabialas			
Original Levy:	<u>Valuation</u>	Rate		Levy		Vehicles		Vehicles		
Property taxed at current rate	\$1,196,298,140	\$ 0.43	\$	5,144,082	\$	5,144,082	\$	_		
Registered motor vehicles taxed	28,966,047	0.43		124,554		-		124,554		
Total	1,225,264,186			5,268,636		5,144,082		124,554		
Abatements	(863,023)	0.43		(3,711)		(3,711)				
Total Property Valuations	\$1,224,401,163									
Net Levy				5,264,925		5,140,371		124,554		
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2022				33,967		33,967				
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$	5,230,958	\$	5,106,404	\$	124,554		
Current Levy Collection Percentage				99.35%		99.34%		100.00%		

Analysis of Current Year Levy - Town-Wide Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Secondary Market Disclosures:		
Assessed Valuation:		100.000/
Assessment ratio	_	100.00%
Real property	\$	1,205,502,380
Personal property		18,863,272
Public service companies		35,510
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	1,224,401,162
Tax Rate Per \$100		0.4300
Levy (includes discoveries, releases, and abatements, excludes penalties)	\$	5,264,925



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Town of Blowing Rock's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Blowing Rock's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Blowing Rock's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Members American Institute of CPAs - N.C. Association of CPAs - AICPA Division of Firms

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Blowing Rock's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Blowing Rock's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town of Blowing Rock's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response we not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

January 4, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material Weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency identified?

Yes

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2022-001 Prior Period Adjustments

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Criteria: Management should have a system in place to verify that transactions are recorded in the

correct fund, thereby reducing the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

Condition: Adjustments were recorded that increased fund balance for the General Fund by \$111,208

and increased fund balance in the Water & Sewer Fund by \$83,883. On the General Fund, the adjustments were to record a correction to opening accounts payable (increase of \$63,746), to adjust sales tax and franchise tax received to consider the receivable from September 2021 (increase of \$224,033), to adjust accounts receivable from prior years to agree with subsidiary ledgers (decrease of \$144,058), to record prior year unbilled receivables (increase of \$4,676), and to fix mispostings to current year debt proceeds (decrease of \$37,189). On the Water & Sewer Fund, the adjustments were to record prior year unbilled receivables which had not been recognized (increase of \$63,534), to move a debt payment which had been applied to Governmental liabilities to Water & Sewer Fund debt service (decrease of \$24,818), and to move a Sewer line which had been capitalized in the Governmental Fixed assets to Water & Sewer fixed assets, along with it's associated accumulated depreciation (increase of \$45,167). On the government-wide statement, adjustments were made in addition to General Fund adjustments to recognize the movement of the Sewer line to the Water & Sewer fund (decrease of \$45,167) and to record the movement of the debt service payment applied to the governmental long-term liabilities to the Water & Sewer Fund (increase of \$24,818), for a net government-wide

prior period adjustment increasing net position by \$90,859.

Effect: The Town's management and other users of the financial statements do not have accurate

information for decisions-making and monitoring of the Town's financial position and adherence to laws, regulations, and other requirements. Errors in financial reporting could

occur and not be detected.

Cause: The Town's understanding has historically been that the September distribution was for

June sales not collected by NCDOR until July; therefore this distribution had not been accrued to the previous fiscal year. Twelve months of distributions have always been recorded. With regards to the other adjustments, the Town did not adjust the balances to reflect the amounts supported by reports, either internal or external, within a timely manner. There were also misspostings between Governmental and Proprietary funds, which

require more attention when making entries to record transactions.

Recommendation: The Town should review the ledger and financial documents regularly to ensure that

necessary adjustments are made timely and correctly during the year, and that projects are

properly classified as governmental or business-type activities.

Views of responsible officials and planned

corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the corrective action plan for details.



Town of Blowing Rock

1036 Main Street ★ Post Office Box 47 ★ Blowing Rock, North Carolina 28605

Town of Blowing Rock, North Carolina

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2022-001 Prior Period Adjustments

Name of Contact Person: Nicole Norman, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Adjustments resulted from tie out efforts to previously audited years. Workpapers

from previous auditors were not made available. The Town desires in the future if possible to limits its auditor transitions and begin the audit process, particularly in

the event of a new auditor, closer to the beginning of the fiscal year.

Proposed Completion Date: The Council will implement the above procedure immediately.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

None reported.